Offices Act, 1874, His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council is pleased to confer on the Collector of Salt Revenue all such of the powers and duties of a Revenue Commissioner and on the aforesaid officers all such of the powers and duties of a Collector under that Act as are necessary for the lawful control of and are applicable to hereditary offices connected with the said Department.

RULES UNDER BOMBAY ACT II OF 1876.

(LAND REVENUE, BOMBAY CITY.)

Revenue, Notn., dated 17th January 1877, B. G. G., 1877, Pt. I, p. 50.

The following Rules, prescribed under Section 40 of Bombay Act No. II of 1876, are published :—

Rules for Search, or Inspection and obtaining Copies of Maps, Land Registers, and other records of the Bombay City Survey, and all records concerning the Land or the Land Revenue under Section 40 of Act II of 1876, "The Bombay City Land Revenue Act, 1876."

1. Every application for search, inspection, and obtaining copies of, or extracts from, the records shall be made in writing on paper bearing a Court Fee Stamp of the value of one anna. The date of receipt shall be endorsed upon the application, and the dates on which the requisition was satisfied and the amount of the fee received shall be duly recorded.

2. Copies will be given on stamped papers in accordance with Article 23, Schedule I, of Act XVIII of 1869[1], and Schedule I of Act VII of 1870.

3. A fee of Rupees 5 for each day will be charged in every case for search and inspection when permitted by the Collector. In no case will less than Rs. 5 be charged for search or inspection.

4. For copies of documents taken from the records a fee of one rupee will be charged as a comparing fee.

5. For allowing copies of plans from the Revenue Survey Records a fee of Rupees 5 will be charged in ordinary cases, *i.e.*, for plans of land containing half an acre or 2,420 square yards or less. For plans of land measuring more than half an acre a fee of Rupees ten will be charged. For copies of plans lodged by private persons a fee of Rupee (1) one will be charged without reference to measurement.

6. The applicant is to take copies by his own clerk or surveyor, as copies cannot be made by the clerks or surveyors in the Collector's office.

7. No search, inspection, or copies of documents will be given in cases where it is obvious that such a course would be prejudicial to the interests of Government.

---

(1) Now Act I of 1879.

RULES REGARDING THE PRODUCTION OF RECORDS OF THE COLLECTOR OF BOMBAY BEFORE COURTS OF LAW.

Revenue, Notn., dated 17th January 1877, B. G. G., 1877, Pt. I, p. 50.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Rules under Section 41 of Bombay Act No. II of 1876 :—

Rules regarding the production of records of the Collector of Bombay before the Courts of Law under Subpœna Duces Tecum.

1. Every summons for a production of the Collector's records, maps, or rent rolls into Court should be accompanied with a fee of Rupees five, for which a receipt in due form will be given, and the amount credited to Government.

2. The clerk, surveyor, or inspector, or other person or persons producing the record on behalf of the Collector, shall be entitled to buggy-hire and attendance fee as per scale marginally noted per diem each, which fee shall be taken by himself or themselves as his or their remuneration.

	Rs.
Person getting rupees 30 or less per month ...	1
Do. do. 31 to 60 do. ...	2
Do. do. 61 to 100 do. ...	3
Do. do. above 100 do. ...	5

3. In the event of the party refusing to pay the fees or buggy-hire mentioned in rules 1 and 2, the clerk or other person or persons charged with production of the required record shall attend the Court, and inform the Judge that the fee has not been paid, and the order given by the Judge in the matter should be reported to the Collector in writing.

RULES REGARDING THE DISPOSAL OF GOVERNMENT LANDS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF SALT.

Notn. No. 6829, Revenue, dated 5th October 1891, B. G. G., 1891, Pt. I, p. 817.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 41 of the Bombay City Land Revenue Act, 1876, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules regarding the disposal of Government lands for the purposes of salt manufacture :—

(1) Government salt lands or lands occasionally overflowed by salt water should not ordinarily be disposed of under Section 25 of the Act, without first ascertaining by reference to the Salt Department whether they are wanted or likely to be wanted for salt manufacture.

(2) On receiving an intimation from the Collector of Salt Revenue that any unoccupied Government land at the disposal of the Collector of Bombay is wanted or is likely to be wanted for salt manufacture, the Collector of Bombay may, if he sees no objection to its appropriation for that purpose, dispose of such land to the Salt Department, and shall, in such case, cause a note to that effect to be made in the Survey Register.

Such land shall thenceforth be at the disposal of the Collector of Salt Revenue, subject to the general orders of Government, to let for the manufacture of salt or to make other arrangements as to its use for that purpose, on such conditions and for such period as, subject to the said orders, he may deem fit.

RULES AND ORDERS UNDER BOMBAY ACT I OF 1877.

(VACCINATION, BOMBAY.)

BRINGING THE ACT INTO FORCE FROM 1ST SEPTEMBER 1877.

General Notn., dated 20th July 1877, B. G. G., 1877, Pt. I, p. 653.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to notify for general information that Bombay Act No. I of 1877, being an Act to prohibit the practice of inoculation and to make the vaccination of children in the City of Bombay compulsory, shall come into force from the 1st September 1877.

RULES UNDER SECTION 31 OF THE ACT.

Sanitary Commissioner, Notn., dated 10th March 1882, B. G. G., 1882, Pt. I, p. 215.

The following Rules made by the Sanitary Commissioner, and sanctioned by His Excellency the Governor in Council, under the provision of Section 31 of Act I of 1877 (The Bombay Vaccination Act), are published for general information in supersession of those already existing:—

1.—Every person before he can be appointed a public vaccinator, or authorized to act for a public vaccinator, will be required to pass an examination before the Superintendent of Vaccination regarding his practical and theoretical knowledge of vaccination, after which Certificates of Qualification in the Forms marked F and G to these rules annexed shall be respectively granted to him by the Superintendent of Vaccination and the Sanitary Commissioner.

2.—Whenever a public vaccinator obtains leave of absence from the Sanitary Commissioner either on account of sickness or when proceeding on privilege or other leave granted to him by the Sanitary Commissioner according to the Rules which apply to the Uncovenanted Servants of Government, the Sanitary Commissioner shall authorize a proper person to act during the absence of such public vaccinator as his deputy.

3.—The following table showing the different Vaccination Districts into which the City of Bombay has been divided as well as the position of the Public Vaccine Stations fixed under the provisions of Section 3, and the days and hours of the public vaccinator's attendance at each Station, is published for general information:—